

Consolidated Financial Highlights

for the Second Quarter Ended September 30, 2021

(2020/10-2021/03)

OPEN HOUSE CO., LTD. [3288 TSE]







FY2021 2Q Topics

Business performance < FY2021 2Q >

Single-family homes remained strong. Single-family homes related business demonstrated 57.5% YOY increase in operating income. Consolidation of Pressance Corporation Co., Ltd. as a subsidiary.

Revenue: ¥ 363.9 billion [39.0% YOY]
Operating income: ¥ 40.6 billion [56.0% YOY]
Profit attributable to owners of parent : ¥ 32.7 billion [80.6% YOY]

Performance forecasts for FY2021 upward revision ■ The second upward revision of the forecasts of performance and dividend during the period.

Revised forecast

Revised forecast released on May 14, 2021 \times 788.0 billion [36.8% YOY] \leftarrow ¥ 767.6 billion Operating income: \times 96.0 billion [54.5% YOY] \leftarrow ¥ 83.8 billion Profit attributable to owners of parent : \times 67.0 billion [12.6% YOY] \leftarrow ¥ 60.0 billion

Dividend increase

■ The annual dividend per share for FY2021

Revised forecast released on May 14, 2021 released on Feb 12, 2021

¥110 (FY2020 result 80 yen) \leftarrow ¥100



FY2021 2Q Consolidated Summary



Overview of Consolidated Income Statement

- ✓ All-time high revenue and income for 2Q.
- ☑ Due to increase in single-family related business and the consolidation of Pressance Corporation as a subsidiary, there were significant increases in revenue and income.

(Million yen)

| | FY2020 2Q <2019/10-2020/03> | | FY202 <2020/10- | Inc.(Dec.) | |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------|
| | Actual | % of revenue | Actual | % of revenue | (2 50) |
| Revenue | 261,922 | | 363,945 | | 39.0% |
| Operating income | 27,035 | 10.3% | 41,614 | 11.4% | 53.9% |
| Ordinary income | 26,091 | 10.0% | 40,699 | 11.2% | 56.0% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 18,136 | 6.9% | 32,751 | 9.0% | 80.6% |



Performance by segment (revenue/operating income)

- ☑ Single-family homes-related business, which enjoyed strong sales under the "new lifestyle," drove performance.
- ☑ "Pressance Corporation" segment was added.

(Million yen)

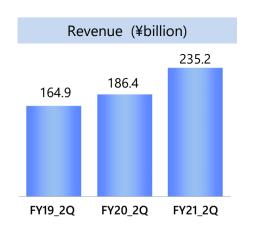
| | FY2020 2Q <2 | FY2020 2Q <2019/10-2020/3> | | FY2021 2Q <2020/10-2021/3> | | |
|--|--------------|----------------------------|---------|----------------------------|------------|--|
| | Actual | Ratio | Actual | Ratio | Inc.(Dec.) | |
| Revenue | 261,922 | 100.0% | 363,945 | 100.0% | 39.0% | |
| Single-family homes related business | 186,467 | 71.2% | 235,203 | 64.6% | 26.1% | |
| Condominiums | 8,533 | 3.3% | 4,644 | 1.3% | (45.6)% | |
| Property resales | 55,060 | 21.0% | 55,589 | 15.3% | 1.0% | |
| Others (including U.S. real estate business) | 11,911 | 4.5% | 19,629 | 5.4% | 64.8% | |
| Pressance Corporation | _ | _ | 49,492 | 13.6% | | |
| Adjustments | (50) | _ | (613) | | | |

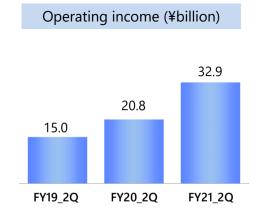
| | Actual | % of revenue | Actual | % of revenue | Inc.(Dec.) |
|--|--------|--------------|--------|--------------|------------|
| Operating Income | 27,035 | 10.3% | 41,614 | 11.4% | 53.9% |
| Single-family homes related business | 20,896 | 11.2% | 32,910 | 14.0% | 57.5% |
| Condominiums | (47) | | (816) | _ | |
| Property resales | 5,536 | 10.1% | 6,125 | 11.0% | 10.6% |
| Others (including U.S. real estate business) | 1,221 | 10.3% | 2,117 | 10.8% | 73.3% |
| Pressance Corporation | _ | _ | 2,160 | 4.4% | |
| Adjustments | (572) | - | (883) | _ | |



Single-family homes related business as a whole

- ☑ Demand for single-family homes remained high under the "new lifestyle" concept, which increased revenue 26.1%.
- ☑ Gross profit margin improved 2.9 pt., and operating income was up 57.5%.





| | FY2019 2Q 18/10-19/3 | FY2020 2Q 19/10-20/3 | FY2021 2Q 20/10-21/3 | Inc. (Dec.) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Revenue (¥million) | 164,959 | 186,467 | 235,203 | 26.1% |
| Gross profit(¥million) | 24,422 | 30,360 | 45,002 | 48.2% |
| Gross profit margin | 14.8% | 16.3% | 19.1% | 2.9pt |
| Operating income (¥million) | 15,008 | 20,896 | 32,910 | 57.5% |
| Operating income margin | 9.1% | 11.2% | 14.0% | 2.8pt |

Changes in the average price for new condominiums in Tokyo's 23 wards and average price for our single-family homes (built-for-sale)

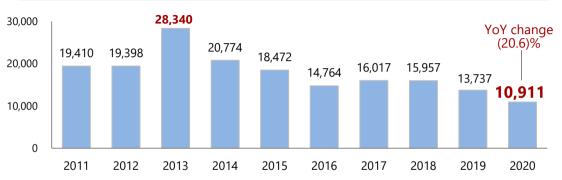


Source: MLIT, "Monthly marketing report of lands"

Fiscal years: Condominium prices are on a calendar-year basis. Prices for our homes are for the period Oct–Sep. Condominium prices for 2021 are for the Jan–Mar period.

Prices of our homes for 2021 are for the Oct 2020-Mar 2021 period in Tokyo metropolitan area.

Changes in the number of new condominiums supplied in Tokyo's 23 wards



Source: MLIT, "Monthly marketing report of lands"

Fiscal years: : Calendar-year basis for the Jan–Dec period



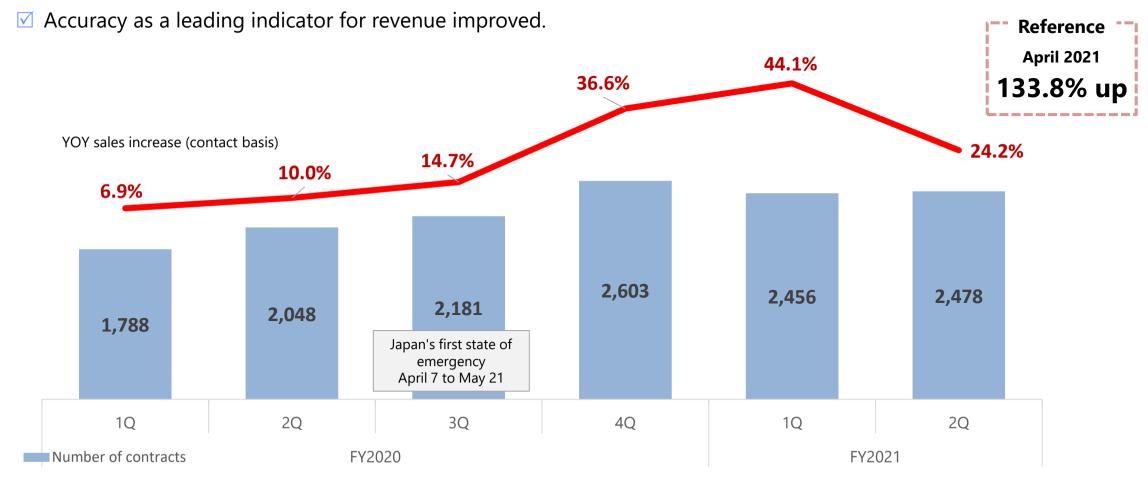
Single-family homes related business (Revenue by Sub-business Segment/Number delivered)

| | Revenue / Gross profit (¥million) | | | Number deliv | vered / Unit p | rice (¥million) | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | FY2019 2Q 18/10-19/3 | FY2020 2Q 19/10-20/3 | FY2021 2Q 20/10-21/3 | | FY2019 2Q 18/10-19/3 | FY2020 2Q 19/10-20/3 | FY2021 2Q 20/10-21/3 |
| | Revenue | 99,676 | 119,996 | 148,797 | Built-for-sale houses | 986 | 1,296 | 1,734 |
| Open House Development | Gross profit | 15,866 | 20,146 | 28,839 | Lands | 1,104 | 1,271 | 1,646 |
| ' | Gross profit margin | 15.9% | 16.8% | 19.4% | Built-to-order houses | 766 | 752 | 843 |
| | | | | | Built-for-sale houses (unit price) | 42.9 | 42.9 | 40.0 |
| | | | | | Lands (unit price) | 42.0 | 41.8 | 40.6 |
| | - | 47.40.4 | 4.4.402 | 62.620 | | 4.456 | 1 000 | 1 211 |
| | Revenue | 47,494 | 44,483 | 62,628 | Built-for-sale houses | 1,156 | 1,080 | 1,311 |
| Hawk One | Gross profit | 5,451 | 6,409 | 11,121 | Lands | 29 | 64 | 157 |
| | Gross profit margin | 11.5% | 14.4% | 17.8% | Built-to-order houses | 32 | 15 | 37 |
| | | | | · | Sales (unit price) * | 39.3 | 38.4 | 42.3 |
| Improved gross profit margin due to synergies | | | | synergies | * Sales (unit price) : Averag | ge unit price of built | t-for-sale houses a | and lands |
| | Revenue | 21,803 | 27,679 | 27,571 | Built-to-order houses except number | 1,043 | 1,332 | 1,334 |
| Open House Architect | Gross profit | 2,492 | 3,230 | 3,736 | delivered to OHD | 1,043 | 1,332 | 1,334 |
| | Gross profit margin | 11.4% | 11.7% | 13.6% | Number delivered to OHD | 583 | 797 | 832 |



Single-family homes related business (sales trend)

✓ We changed disclosure data related to revenue (contract basis) for built-for-sale houses (Open House Development + Hawk One) from the number of brokerage transactions to YOY increase.



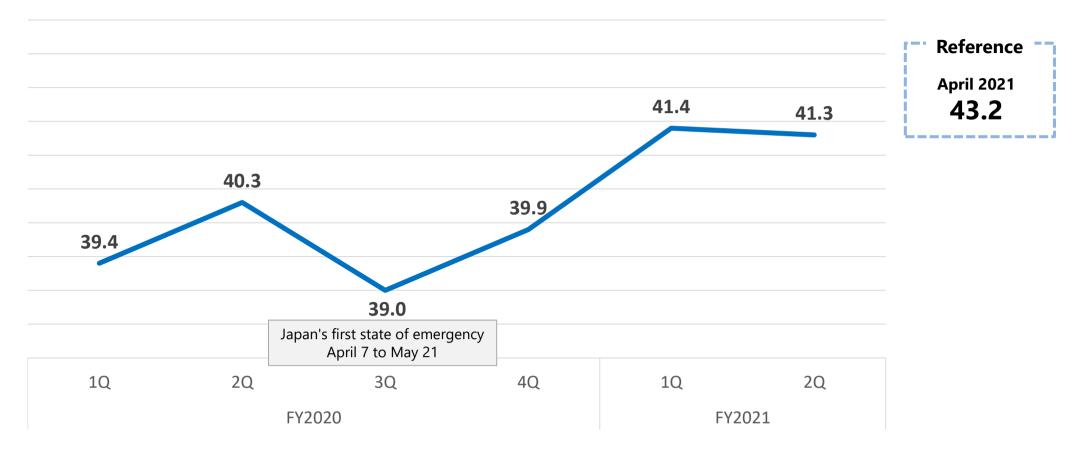
Scope: Combined number of built-for-sale houses and lands of Open House Development and Hawk One, not included number of built-to-order houses.

Change: The number of our brokerage transactions (which includes other companies' sales for which we served as a broker, but excludes sales of our properties mediated by other companies) was replaced with revenue from built-for-sale houses and lands (contract basis), which resulted in improved accuracy.



Single-family homes related business (contract unit price)

- ☑ The contract unit price of built-for-sale houses went up before and after the first state of emergency.
- ☑ Under the "new lifestyle" concept, people started reexamining single-family homes, and couples with two high incomes, who used to prefer a condominium, are showing more interest in houses.

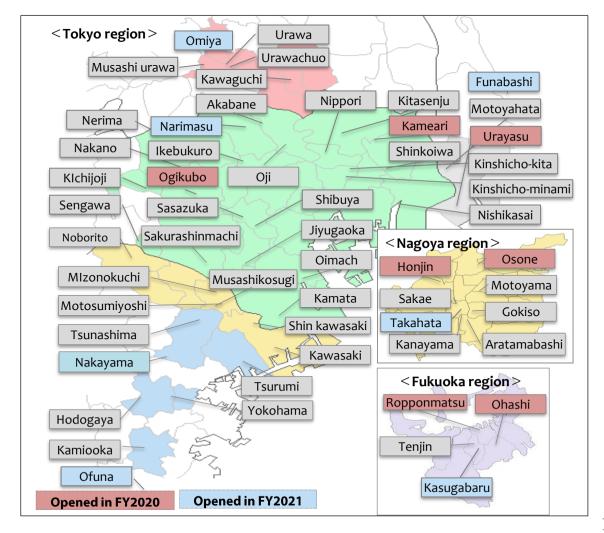




Single-family homes related business (Open House-brokerage)

☑ The Company opened seven new sales centers * in FY2021, and operates a total of 55 sales centers.

| No. of sales centers of each area | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | FY2018 17/10-18/9 | FY2019 18/10-19/9 | FY2020 19/10-20/9 | As of 2021.5.14 | | |
| Tokyo | 17 | 19 | 21 | 22 | | |
| Kanagawa Prefecture | 10 | 12 | 12 | 13 | | |
| Aichi Prefecture | 3 | 5 | 7 | 8 | | |
| Saitama Prefecture | 2 | 4 | 4 | 5 | | |
| Fukuoka Prefecture | | 1 | 3 | 4 | | |
| Chiba Prefecture | _ | 1 | 2 | 3 | | |
| Total | 32 | 42 | 49 | 55 | | |

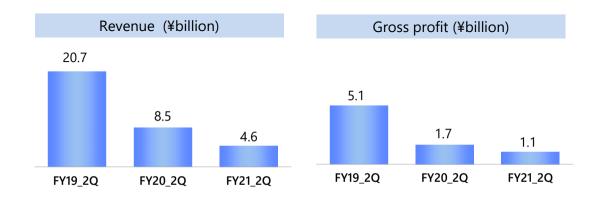


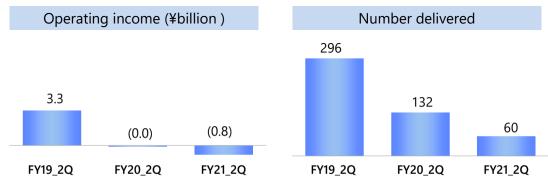
^{*} Including sales center that was relocated



Condominiums Business

☑ Sales and purchases in the Condominiums Business progressed as planned. Unit deliveries are concentrated in 4Q.





| | FY2019 2Q 18/10-19/3 | FY2020 2Q 19/10-20/3 | FY2021 2Q 20/10-21/3 | Inc. (Dec.) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Revenue (¥million) | 20,768 | 8,533 | 4,644 | (45.6)% |
| Gross profit (¥million) | 5,139 | 1,717 | 1,155 | (32.7)% |
| Gross profit margin | 24.7% | 20.1% | 24.9% | 4.8pt |
| Operating income (¥million) | 3,305 | (47) | (816) | _ |
| Operating income margin | 15.9% | _ | _ | _ |
| Number delivered | 296 | 132 | 60 | (72) |
| Unit price (¥million) | 69.7 | 64.1 | 68.9 | 4.8 |

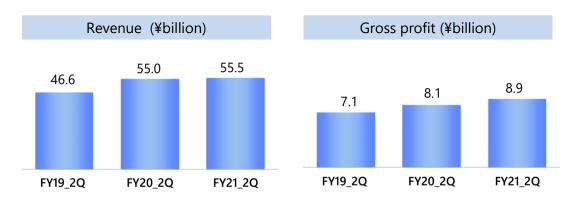
— Major condominiums delivered in FY2021 —

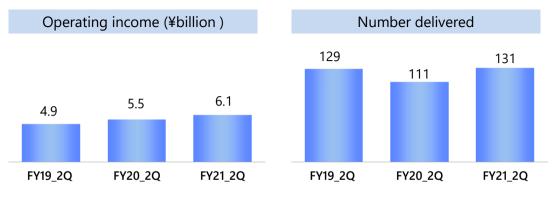
| Name | Units | Average price |
|---|-------|---------------|
| Open Residencia Shirokane Chojamaru (Tokyo) | 19 | ¥90million |
| Open Residencia Koishikawa Harimazaka (Tokyo) | 41 | ¥70million |
| Open Residencia Takamiya Hills (Fukuoka) | 21 | ¥40million |
| Open Residencia Nagoya Avenue (Nagoya) | 50 | ¥30million |



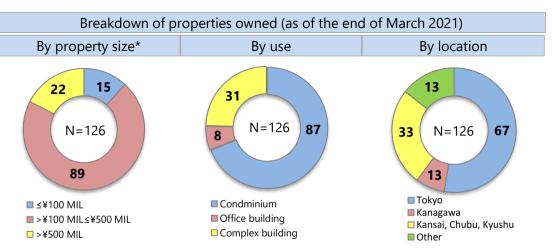
Property Resale Business

- ✓ Strong demand for investment property backed by continued easy monetary policy.
- ☑ Because the Company focuses on rental condominiums in metropolitan areas, there is only a minor impact from the novel coronavirus.





| | FY2019 2Q 18/10-19/3 | FY2020 2Q 19/10-20/3 | FY2021 2Q 20/10-21/3 | lnc. (Dec.) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| Revenue (¥million) | 46,613 | 55,060 | 55,589 | 1.0% |
| Gross profit (¥million) | 7,179 | 8,144 | 8,942 | 9.8% |
| Gross profit margin | 15.4% | 14.8% | 16.1% | 1.3pt |
| Operating income (¥million) | 4,908 | 5,536 | 6,125 | 10.6% |
| Operating income margin | 10.5% | 10.1% | 11.0% | 1.0pt |
| Number delivered | 129 | 111 | 131 | 20 |
| Unit Price (¥million) | 349 | 487 | 416 | (70) |

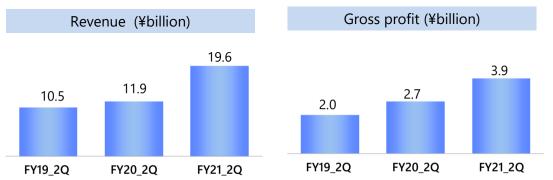


^{*} Based on book values at the end of March 2021



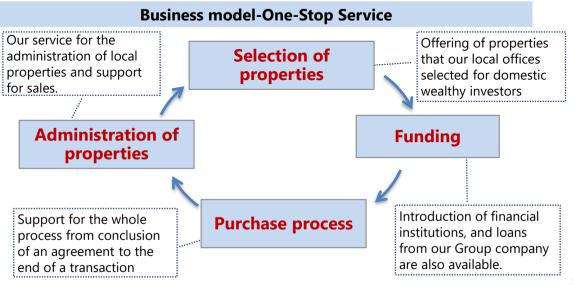
Other Segment (U.S. Real Estate Business)

- ✓ Due to our extensive experience in local property management, etc., revenue increased steadily, supported by net investment by domestic companies and individuals.
- ☑ By liquidating operating loans partially, we improved cash flows, asset efficiency, and financial soundness. (refer to page 30.)



| | Operati | Operating income (¥billion) | | | mber delivere | ed |
|---|---------|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|
| | | | | | | 414 |
| | 1.0 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 283 | 220 | |
| Q | FY19_2Q | FY20_2Q | FY21_2Q | FY19_2Q | FY20_2Q | FY21_2Q |

| | FY2019 2Q 18/10-19/3 | FY2020 2Q 19/10-20/3 | FY2021 2Q 20/10-21/3 | Inc. (Dec.) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| Revenue (¥million) | 10,531 | 11,911 | 19,629 | 64.8% |
| Gross profit (¥million) | 2,064 | 2,738 | 3,996 | 46.0% |
| Gross profit margin | 19.6% | 23.0% | 20.4% | (2.6)pt |
| Operating income (¥million) | 1,070 | 1,221 | 2,117 | 73.3% |
| Operating income margin | 10.2% | 10.3% | 10.8% | 0.5pt |
| Number dělivered | 283 | 220 | 414 | 194 |
| Multi family homes included above | 0 | 5 | 5 | 0 |



^{*} Figures for U.S. Real Estate Business are shown...



Pressance Corporation

- ☑ In January 2021, Pressance Corporation Co., Ltd. was consolidated as a subsidiary.
- ☑ Both business and performance for 2Q (January to March 2021) ended as planned.

| | FY2021 2Q 2021/1-2021/3 |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Revenue (¥million) | 49,492 |
| Gross profit (¥million) | 6,647 |
| Gross profit margin | 13.4% |
| Operating income (¥million) | 2,160 |
| Operating income margin | 4.4% |

| FY2021 | 2Q Actua | al by product |
|--------|----------|---------------|
|--------|----------|---------------|

| Product | Units |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Studio-type condominium | 2,039 |
| family-type condominium | 339 |
| Total | 2,378 |





| Complementary Areas | Strong in the Tokyo metropolitan area | Strong in the Kinki, Tokai and Chukyo regions |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Complementary Products | Single-family homesCondominiumsProperty resalesU.S. real estate | Condominiums for investment Condominiums for families Management of condominiums |
| Major Synergies | Single-family home business Develop a business line of no investment in the Tokyo met Develop a real estate fund be residential properties | ew condominiums for cropolitan area |



Pressance Corporation (market position)

Actual results for condominium supply (sales) from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020

Prepared based on data of Real Estate Economic Institute Co., Ltd.

| Area | Kinki | Tokai/Chukyo | Nationwide |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Ranking | No.1 for 11 consecutive years | No.1 for 9 consecutive years | No.1 (for the first time) |
| Actual supply | 2,766 | 1,204 | 4,342 |
| Actual supply in entire area | 15,195 | 5,386 | 59,907 |

| | 1 | Pressance Corporation | 2,766 | Pressance Corporation | 1,204 | Pressance Corporation | 4,342 |
|--|---|--------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|
| | 2 | Eslead | 1,861 | Open House Development | 586 | Nomura Real Estate | 3,791 |
| Number of units supplied by top five companies | 3 | ES-CON JAPAN | 670 | Nomura Real Estate | 417 | Sumitomo Realty & Development | 3,512 |
| | 4 | WADAKOHSAN | 654 | Sumitomo Realty & Development | 315 | Mitsui Fudosan Residential | 2,334 |
| | 5 | Kintetsu Real Estate | 535 | Eslead | 290 | Eslead | 2,151 |



Breakdown of SG&A Expenses, Non-Operating Income /Expenses

(Million yen)

| | FY202 2019/10 | 20 2Q -2020/3 | FY202 2020/10 | 21 2Q -2021/3 | Inc. (Dec.) | | FY202 2019/10 | 20 2Q -2020/3 | FY202 2020/10 | | Inc. (Dec.) |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| | Actual | % of revenue | Actual | % of revenue | inc. (Dec.) | | Actual | % of revenue | Actual | % of revenue | inc. (Dec.) |
| SG&A expenses | 16,108 | 6.2% | 24,229 | 6.7% | 8,121 | Non-operating income | 407 | 0.2% | 2,082 | 0.6% | 1,675 |
| Personnel expenses | 4,929 | 1.9% | 7,336 | 2.0% | 2,406 | Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method | _ | _ | 1,448 | 0.4% | 1,448 |
| Sales commissions | 2,363 | 0.9% | 2,752 | 0.8% | 388 | Other | 407 | 0.2% | 634 | 0.2% | 227 |
| Office maintenance cost | 1,870 | 0.7% | 2,414 | 0.7% | 544 | Non-operating expenses | 1,350 | 0.5% | 2,997 | 0.8% | 1,646 |
| Advertising expenses | 1,153 | 0.4% | 1,669 | 0.5% | 515 | Interest expenses | 1,069 | 0.4% | 1,371 | 0.4% | 301 |
| Promotion expenses | 532 | 0.2% | 666 | 0.2% | 134 | Commission expenses | 180 | 0.1% | 321 | 0.1% | 140 |
| Others | 5,259 | 2.0% | 9,390 | 2.6% | 4,131 | Other | 101 | 0.0% | 1,304 | 0.4% | 1,203 |



Consolidated Balance Sheet

| | Sep 30, 2020 | Mar 31, 2021 | Inc. (Dec.) |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Current assets | 507,123 | 779,963 | 272,839 |
| Cash and deposits | 219,227 | 314,754 | 95,526 |
| Inventories | 237,287 | 411,370 | 174,083 |
| Others | 50,608 | 53,838 | 3,229 |
| Non-current assets | 61,890 | 49,695 | (12,194) |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5,010 | 19,808 | 14,797 |
| Intangible assets | 3,080 | 3,119 | 38 |
| Investments and other assets | 53,798 | 26,767 | (27,030) |
| Deferred assets | 24 | 21 | (2) |
| Total assets | 569,038 | 829,680 | 260,641 |
| | | | |

| <safety index=""></safety> | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| (times) | Sep 30, 2020 | Mar 31, 2021 | Inc. (Dec.) |
| D/E ratio | 1.2 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Net D/E ratio* | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 |

 $^{^{\}star}$ Net debt/equity ratio: (loans payable + corporate bonds-cash & deposits) / net assets,

| | (Million ye | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--|--|
| | Sep 30, 2020 | Mar 31, 2021 | Inc. (Dec.) | | |
| Liabilities | 335,342 | 516, 467 | 181,125 | | |
| Current liabilities | 176,713 | 301,665 | 124,951 | | |
| Non-current liabilities | 158,628 | 214,802 | 56,173 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Net Assets | 233,695 | 313,212 | 79,516 | | |
| Shareholders' equity | 234,666 | 262,546 | 27,880 | | |
| Valuation and translation adjustments | (970) | 811 | 1,782 | | |
| Non-controlling interests | _ | 49,854 | 49,854 | | |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 569,038 | 829,680 | 260,641 | | |

| | Sep 30, 2020 | Mar 31, 2021 | Inc. (Dec.) |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| Equity ratio | 41.0% | 31.7% | (9.4)pt |
| Net equity ratio** | 66.7% | 51.0% | (15.7)pt |

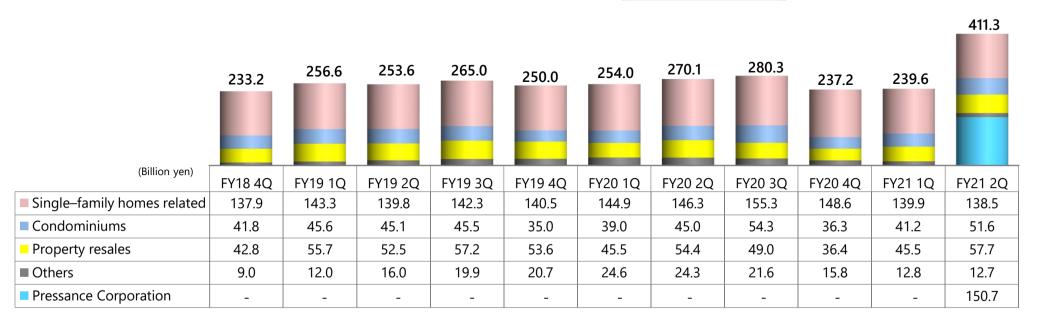
^{**} Net equity ratio: Equity capital /(total assets-cash and deposits)



Inventory Details

| (Million yer | (Mi | llion | yer |
|--------------|-----|-------|-----|
|--------------|-----|-------|-----|

| | End of FY2018 (Sep 30, 2018) | End of FY2019 (Sep 30, 2019) | End of FY2020 (Sep 30, 2020) | End of FY2021 2Q (Mar 31, 2021) | Ratio | Inc. (Dec.) |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| Single-family homes related | 137,991 | 140,560 | 148,676 | 138,586 | 33.7% | (10,089) |
| Condominiums | 43,322 | 35,065 | 36,339 | 51,612 | 12.5% | 15,272 |
| Property resales | 42,873 | 53,691 | 36,445 | 57,735 | 14.0% | 21,290 |
| Others | 9,084 | 20,735 | 15,825 | 12,703 | 3.1% | (3,122) |
| Pressance Corporation | - | _ | | 150,773 | 36.6% | 150,733 |
| Total | 233,272 | 250,054 | 237,287 | 411,370 | 100.0% | 174,083 |





Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(Million yen)

| | FY2020 2Q <2019/10-2020/3> | FY2021 2Q <2020/10-2021/3> | Main factors |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Cash flows from operating activities | (8,696) | 31,746 | Booking of income before income taxes negative goodwill, Loss on step acquisitions Increase in inventories Payment of income taxes ,etc |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (901) | 25,250 | – Purchase of shares of subsidiaries, etc. |
| Cash flows from financing activities | 30,576 | 34,258 | Increase in loans payableDividend payment, etc. |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 114 | 981 | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 21,092 | 92,236 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 135,345 | 219,218 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | 156,438 | 311,654 | - Including 19.9 million yen of Increase in cash and cash equivalents due to change in scope of consolidation |



Consolidated Business Performance Forecasts for FY2021



Consolidated Business Performance Forecasts

- ☑ The second upward revision of forecasts of performance and dividend during the period following 1Q.
- ☑ Aiming to achieve record highs in revenue and income for the ninth consecutive year.

(Million yen)

| | FY2020 (2019/10-2020/9) | | FY2021 Revised forecast announced on Feb 12, 2021 (2020/10-2021/9) | | FY2021 Revised forecast announced on May 14, 2021 (2020/10-2021/9) | | Change (B-A) |
|---|----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | Actual | Inc. (Dec.) | Forecast (A) | Inc. (Dec.) | Forecast (B) | Inc. (Dec.) | |
| Revenue | 575,951 | 6.6% | 767,600 | 33.3% | 788,000 | 36.8% | 20,400 |
| Operating income | 62,129 | 7.5% | 83,800 | 34.9% | 96,000 | 54.5% | 12,200 |
| Ordinary income | 77,357 | 40.8% | 82,500 | 6.6% | 93,000 | 20.2% | 10,500 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 59,491 | 51.0% | 60,000 | 0.9% | 67,000 | 12.6% | 7,000 |
| EPS* (yen) | 525.36 | _ | 476.86 | | 523.39 | _ | 55.59 |
| Annual dividends per share* (yen) | 80.00 | 17.00 | 100.00 | 20.00 | 110.00 | 30.00 | 10.00 |
| Payout ratio | *1 15.2% | _ | 21.0% | _ | 20.7% | | |

^{*1} The dividend payout ratio excluding profit earned through the acquisition of Pressance Corporation's shares is **21.7%**



Consolidated Business Performance Forecasts (Revenue by business segment)

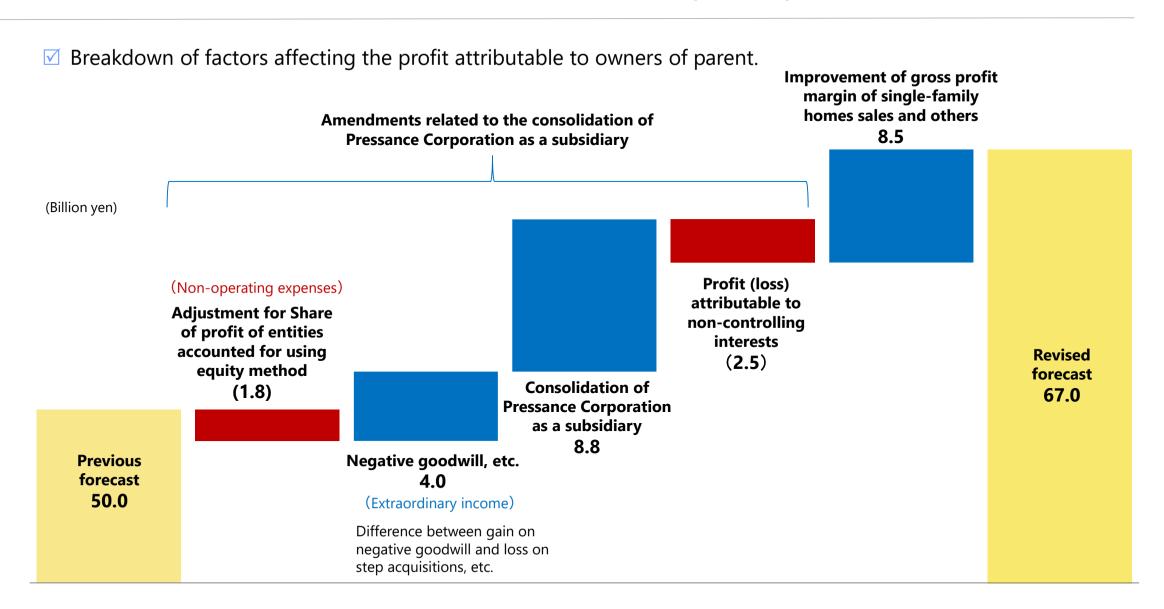
- ☑ Due to the sound progress of businesses, forecasts for single-family homes-related business and Pressance Corporation were revised upward.
- ✓ There is no change in the three segments other than above because their overall progress is on schedule.

(Million yen)

| | FY2020 (2019/10-2020/9) | | FY2021 Revised forecast announced on Feb 12, 2021 (2020/10-2021/9) | | FY2021 Revised forecast announced on May 14, 2021 (2020/10-2021/9) | | Change (B-A) |
|--|----------------------------|-------------|--|-------------|--|-------------|-----------------|
| | Actual | Inc. (Dec.) | Forecast (A) | Inc. (Dec.) | Forecast (B) | Inc. (Dec.) | |
| Revenue | 575,951 | 6.6% | 767,600 | 33.3% | 788,000 | 36.8% | 20,400 |
| Single-family homes related business | 379,656 | 11.5% | 436,500 | 15.0% | 446,500 | 17.6% | 10,000 |
| Condominiums | 58,169 | (4.6)% | 46,500 | (20.1)% | 46,500 | (20.1)% | 0 |
| Property resales | 112,207 | 3.5% | 112,500 | 0.3% | 112,500 | 0.3% | 0 |
| Others (including U.S. real estate business) | 26,027 | (14.8)% | 38,500 | 47.9% | 38,500 | 47.9% | 0 |
| Pressance Corporation | | | 133,600 | | 144,700 | | 11,100 |
| Adjustments | (110) | _ | _ | | (700) | _ | (700) |



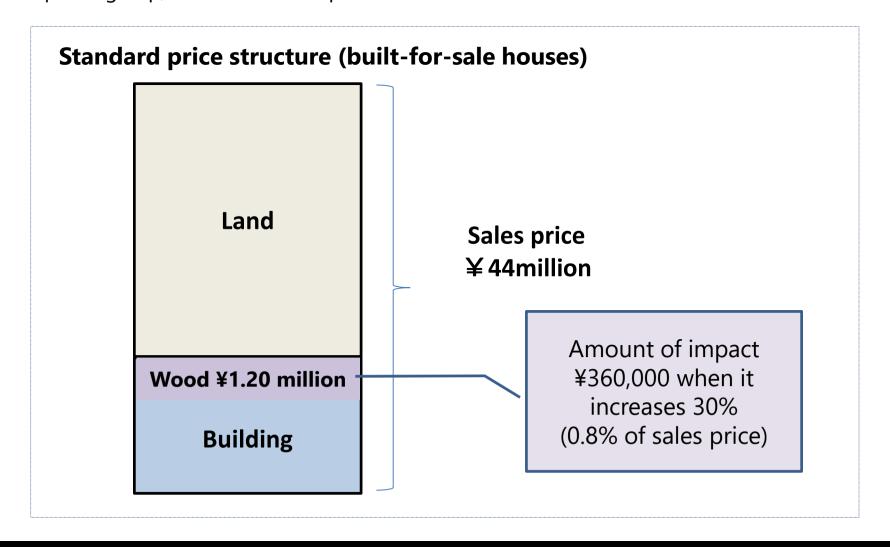
Consolidated Business Performance Forecasts (Factors)





Single-family homes related business (impact of wood price hikes)

- ▼ The impact of wood price hikes on FY2021 performance is minor.
- ✓ Even if wood prices go up, the influence on performance is limited.





Consolidated Business Performance Forecasts (Revenue by Sub-business Segment/Number delivered)

| | | Revenue (¥billion) | | | | Number delivered | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | FY2019 (18/10-19/9) Actual | FY2020 (19/10-20/9) Actual | FY2021 (20/10-21/9) Plan | | FY2019 (18/10-19/9) Actual | FY2020 (19/10-20/9) Actual | FY2021 (20/10-21/9) Plan |
| | Built-for-sale houses | 98.7 | 116.6 | 140.2 | Built-for-sale houses | 2,296 | 2,804 | 3,430 |
| Open House Development | Lands | 100.1 | 108.0 | 127.3 | Lands | 2,458 | 2,645 | 3,190 |
| | Built-to-order houses | 21.9 | 23.6 | 26.4 | Built-to- order houses | 1,555 | 1,597 | 1,810 |
| Open House Architect | | 48.1 | 55.5 | 62.0 | Built-to- order houses | 3,674 | 4,158 | 4,100 |
| | | | | | Number delivered to OHD | 1,484 | 1,535 | 1,480 |
| | | | | | Built-for-sale houses | 1,989 | 2,063 | 2,170 |
| Hawk One | | 82.2 | 87.0 | 105.0 | Lands | 66 | 145 | 260 |
| | | | | | Built-to- order houses | 50 | 39 | 110 |
| Condominium | ns | 60.9 | 58.1 | 46.5 | Units | 949 | 1,224 | 1,120 |
| Property resa | les | 108.4 | 112.2 | 112.5 | Buildings | 255 | 230 | 240 |
| | | | 26.0 | 26.0 | Homes | 711 | 501 | 730 |
| U.S. real estat | e pusiness | 30.5 26.0 38.5 | Multi family homes included above | 7 | 12 | 20 | | |

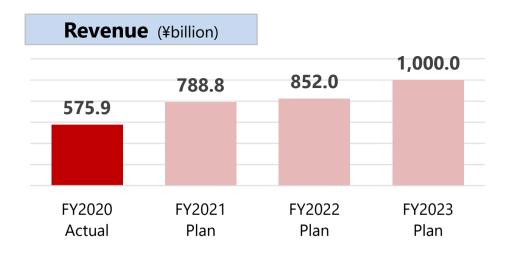


The Mid-term Business Plan



"Ikouze 1 cho!, 2023" — "Jump to 1 trillion, 2023"

Strive to achieve FY2023 target revenue of ¥1 trillion



Growth Strategy

- Sustainable growth focusing on single-family home-related business
- Synergies with Pressance
- M&A and strategic investments
- New businesses

Capital Policy

- Dividend payment ratio 20%
- Annual dividend increase of 10 yen
- Flexible Share buyback

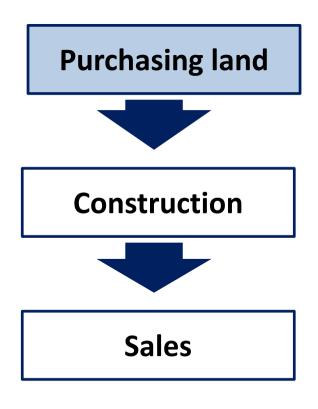
Financial Strategy

- Equity ratio 30% or more
- Within 1x or less of net D/E ratio.
- ROE 20% or more
- Actively invest in growth opportunities
 (Investment capacity based on assumption above: About ¥100 billion)

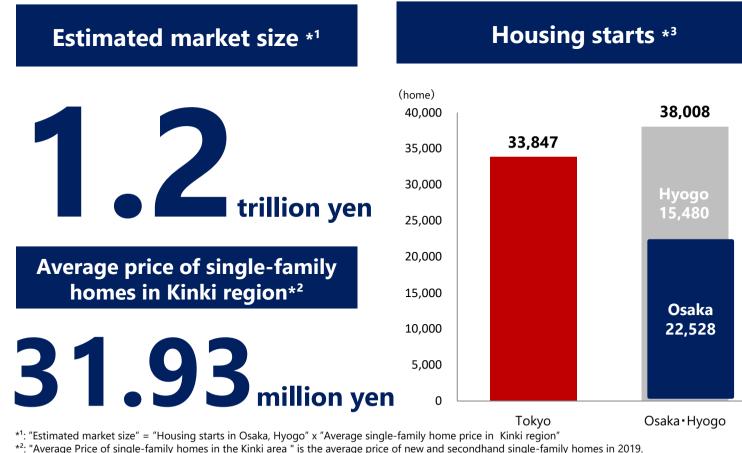


Sustainable growth focusing on single-family home-related business (Penetration into Kansai region)

- In April 2021, the Open House Development Kansai Branch was opened to start purchases of land for single-family homes.
- We will add construction and sales functions to our operations in the Kansai region to develop a business that integrates purchasing land, construction and sales.



Dominant development and share expansion in the Kansai region



*3: "Housing starts" is the total number of owner-occupied and for-sale housing starts in 2019

Source: "White paper 2019 on single-family homes data" published by TOKYO KANTEI Co., Ltd.

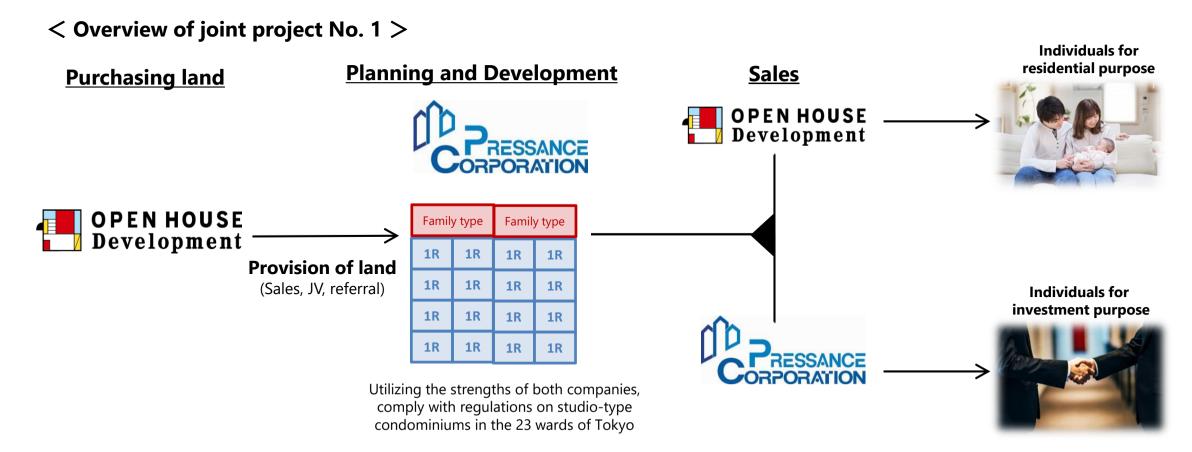
*4: "Estimated population" is based on the census population as of October 1, 2015

Source: MLIT, "Construction and housing starts statistics"



Synergies with Pressance Corporation

- Land purchases by Open House Development in the metropolitan area and the joint venture planned and developed by Pressance Corporation are underway.
- Three projects have been started by the joint venture.





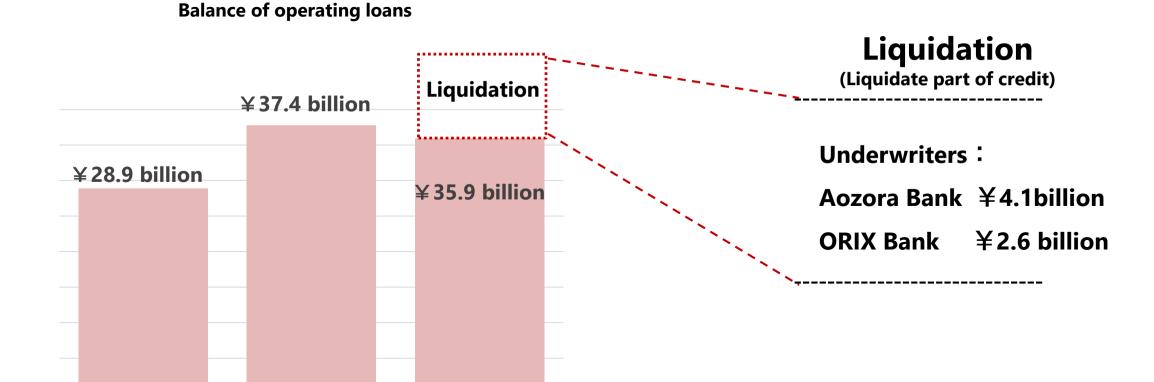
2019.9.30

Financial Strategy (liquidation of credit)

2020.9.30

- The fund to finance purchases of real estate in U.S. is steadily increasing, and from the viewpoint of fund efficiency, credit will be partially liquidated.
- Debtors are mostly the affluent. Aiming for continuous growth through asset control utilizing liquidation

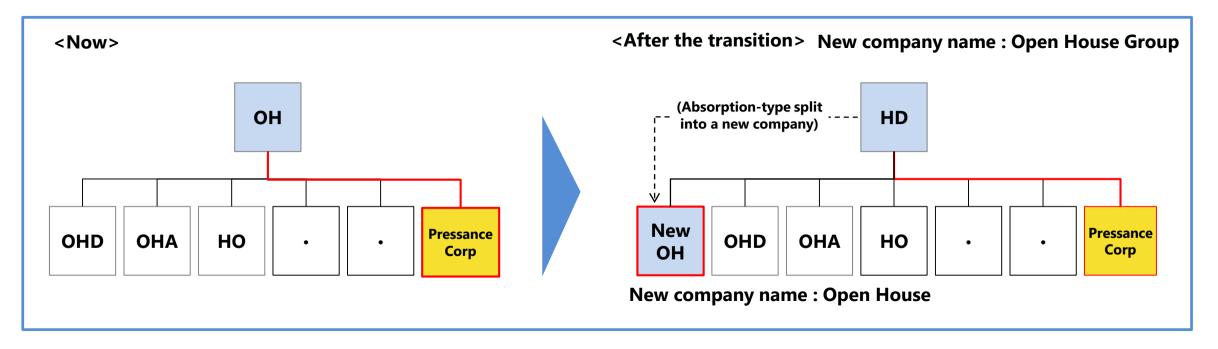
2020.3.31





Establishment of a new group management system (preparations for the transition to a holding company structure)

- Open House's administrative division will become a pure holding company by separating its business divisions through an absorption-type company split.
- Managerial and supervisory functions of management will be separated from business execution to enhance corporate value and sustainable growth.



< Purpose >

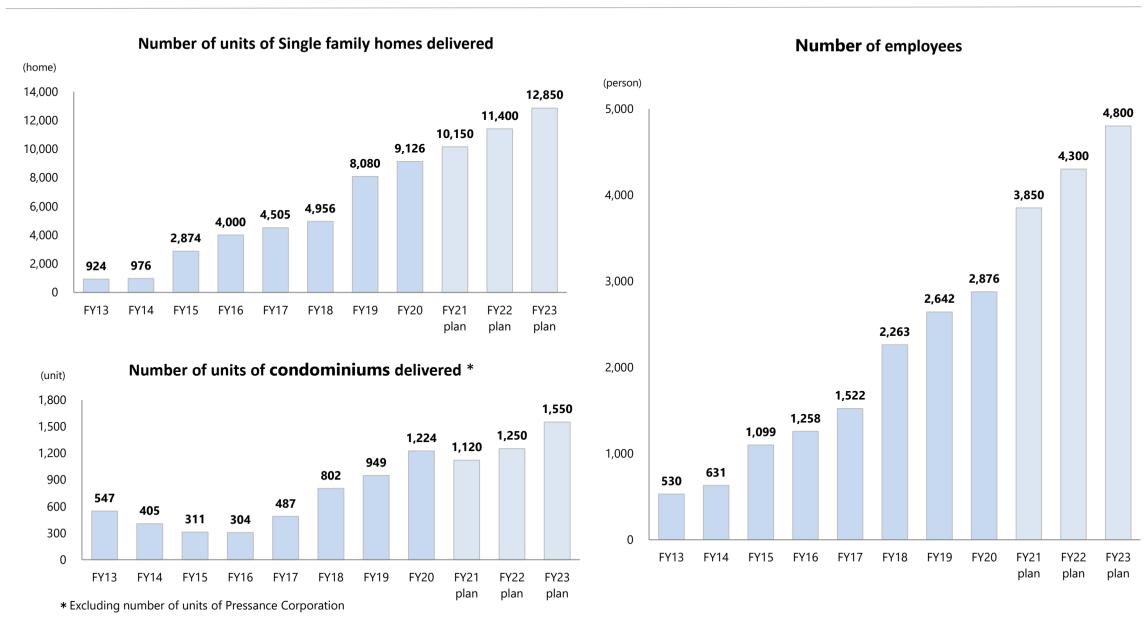
- (1) Speeding up decision making in business promotion
- (2) Strengthening the functions for managing the group
- (3) Building a forward-looking management system

<Schedule>

| (1) | Board of directors' meeting to approve establishing the Split Preparation Company | February 12, 2021 |
|-----|--|---------------------------|
| (2) | Establishment of the Split Preparation Company | April 2021 (scheduled) |
| (3) | Board of directors' meeting to approve absorption-type company split agreement | November 2021 (scheduled) |
| (4) | Shareholders' meeting to approve proposals related to the amendment of the Articles of Incorporation and other matters | December 2021 (scheduled) |
| (5) | Effective date of the absorption-type company split | January 2022 (scheduled) |



Quantitative Goals





DX (Digital Transformation)



Promotion of DX to strengthen competitiveness

- Reform operating process utilizing IT
- Strengthen our Group's competitiveness further

IT system

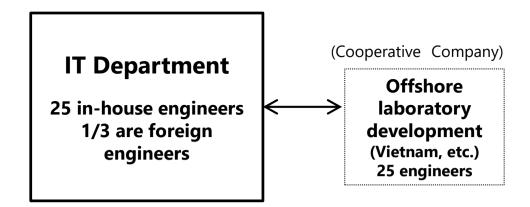
Aiming to build IT department that does not rely on external parties, establish an in-house development system.

In-house engineers are in charge of the scope ranging from system planning and development to operation

Establish a system with diversity employing many foreign engineers by seeking talented people with English fluency and IT expertise, which are crucial for in-house system development, widely

IT Prize was awarded (Evaluation by a third party)

In November 2020, our IT department received the 38th IT Award (Management Area) for 2020 sponsored by the Japan Institute of Information Technology. Establishment of an in-house IT organization, in which in-house engineers conduct interviews directly on on-site issues and provide solutions through the development of in-house systems, was highly evaluated.

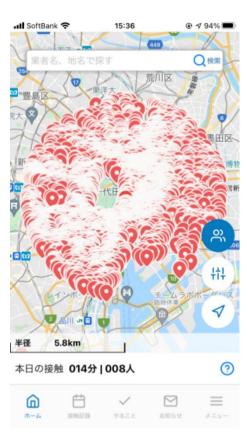






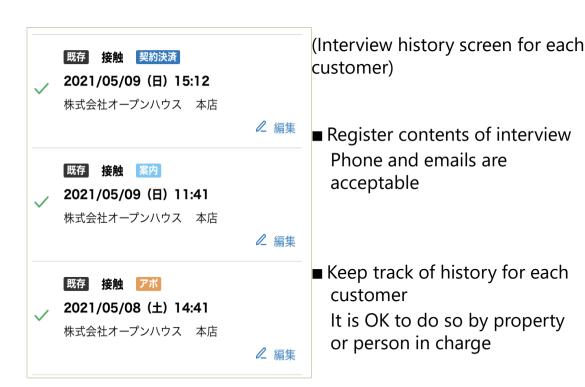
(Practical Example 1) Utilization of data on 30,000 homebuilders in the metropolitan area for sales activities

- Conduct in-house development of an integrated management system of sales activities and projects based on business card management
- By consolidating sales activity records, improve operation efficiency and support sales.



(Location information screen showing housing land and building dealers)

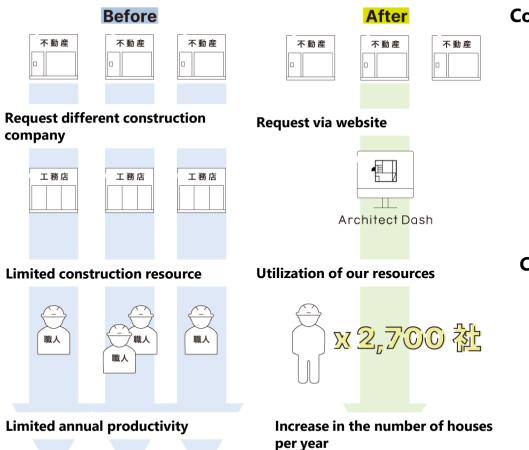
- Data on housing land and building brokers 30,000 cases in the metropolitan area Total of 100,000 cases in Nagoya, Osaka, and Fukuoka
- After interview, register business card data Link and manage data on customers and housing land and building brokers

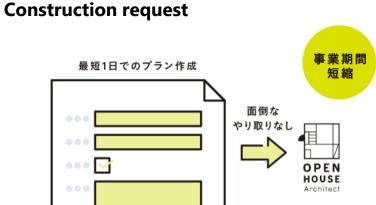




(Practical Example 2) Provision of free cloud service to real estate developers

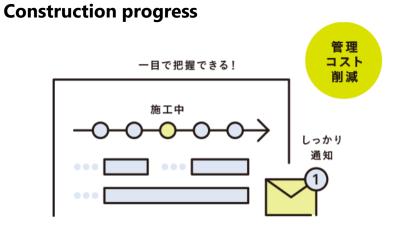
- Open House Architect provides to real estate developers, who are our customers, with a free cloud service to support the operations of real estate businesses
- Optimize all operations of the two companies with DX and shorten the time required for business





Construction request is processed with a simple form. Speedy estimation and planning. The fastest turnaround is one day.

⇒Reduce time required for business



Construction progress can be checked on the management screen and with a notification function. Various inspection processes can be checked in real time.

⇒ Reduce management cost



Sustainability



To realize a sustainable society

- Identified six key issues the Company should address
- To be examined in view of inputs from external assessment institutions, stakeholders, experts, and priorities to the Company

| ESG | Key Issues | Initiatives | Relevant SDGs |
|-------------|---|---|--|
| Environment | Environmental conservation | Established the Japan Wood Housing AssociationOpen House Forest | 7 エネルギーモルムなに 15 陸の間かさも サカラ |
| Social | Product safety and security Promoting customer satisfaction | Build and strengthen the system for promoting customer satisfaction | 11 住み続けられる 12 つくる発住 つかっ気任 GO |
| | Talent development | Utilization of a diverse workforce Establish a training course reflecting the Company's founder | 4 項の高い教育を 8 総治成長も |
| | Work-style reforms | Enhance productivity utilizing IT Support for using childcare facilities and support system for balancing work and child rearing Establish a counseling office for empowering women | 3 #ATOAIC 5 ジェンター平等を |
| | Supply Chain Management | Share sustainability guidelines with business partners | 12 つくる単位 17 パートナーシップで 日報を選択しよう (日本の表別) (日本の表 |
| Governance | Compliance | Conduct compliance training Invite female talent to join the board as an external director and a corporate auditor | 10 Aや国の不平等 16 平和と公正を すべての人に |



(Practical Example 1) Established the Japan Wood Housing Association

■ In April 2021, Sanei Architecture Planning Co., Ltd., KI-STAR REAL ESTATE CO., LTD and our company jointly established the Japan Wood Housing Association to solve SDG issues.

Purpose

- 1. Promote high-quality wood houses that people can live in worry-free and achieve the sound development of the industry for wood houses built for sale
- 2. By promoting the use of domestic timber for wood houses built for sale, maintain and recover multifaceted functions of domestic forests (reduction of greenhouse gases, cultivation of water sources and conservation of biodiversity)

Business

- Support the promotion of domestic lumber usage
- Technological development and research on wood buildings
- Research, development, dissemination, and education to improve the capabilities and quality of wooden buildings
- Human resource development related to wood buildings
- Development and research on the supply system of temporary wood housing in the event of a disaster
- Presentation of proposals and opinions to government agencies and related organizations
- Other activities necessary to achieve the purposes of the association
- The operation shall be conducted throughout Japan and overseas.







(Practical Example 2) Contribution to regional revitalization through basketball

- Ota City, Gunma, plans to build a new civic gymnasium that will be the home arena of the Crane Thunders
- We plan to donate to the city utilizing a corporate version of the hometown tax payment system.

Summary of facility

Name: Ota City Sports Park Gymnasium (OTA ARENA (tentative name)

Capacity: 5,000 persons (B1 league standard)

Construction plan: Start in 2021, completion in the spring of 2023

Gunma Crane Thunders

Operating company: Gunma Professional Basketball Commission Co., Ltd.

Hometown: Ota City (from July 2021)

Ranking, etc.: B2 East area No.1, 33 consecutive win (New record in B2 league)

Striving to move up to B1 in the next season

Corporate version of hometown tax payment system

Our intention Utilizing regional revitalization support tax system, contribute to regional revitalization through sports



Image of Ota City Sports Park Gymnasium (Exterior and interior)



(Practical Example 3) Employment of the disabled: Application of special provision for company groups regarding the number of disabled employees

- The Group's system to employ the disabled was recognized, and application of the special provision was approved.
- From now on, we can take more flexible measures across regions and companies

Current status

The Group is actively working on employing the disabled by operating two satellite offices in the metropolitan area, etc. The ratio of the disabled of four major companies exceeds the legal requirement of 2.2%. (FY2020 actual)

Special provision for company groups regarding the number of disabled employees

For calculating the disabled employee ratio, when a company satisfies certain requirements (such as a parent company has a person in charge of promoting the employment of the disabled, and subsidiaries can appropriately manage the employment of the disabled), it is permitted to calculate the ratio without a special subsidiary that pays special attention to employing the disabled.

Future plan

Promote employment of the disabled with a more flexible system as a group, beyond the boundaries of regions/companies. For example, we can add the number of disabled employees in the Kansai region including Pressance to the number of disabled employees in the metropolitan area.

Our satellite office Barrier-free design with sliding doors, wide pathways, etc.



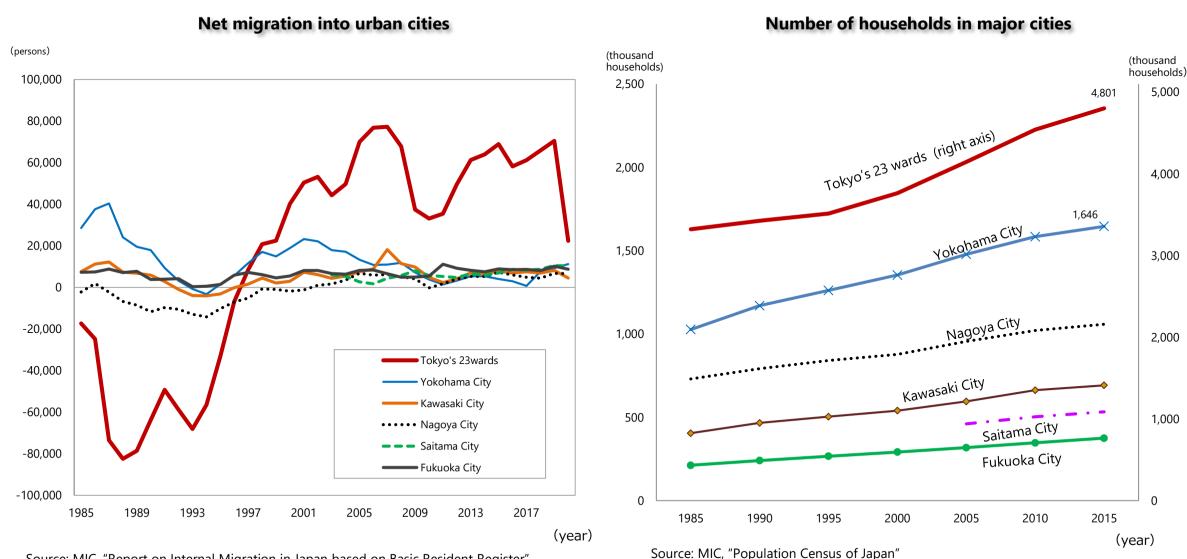




Reference materials

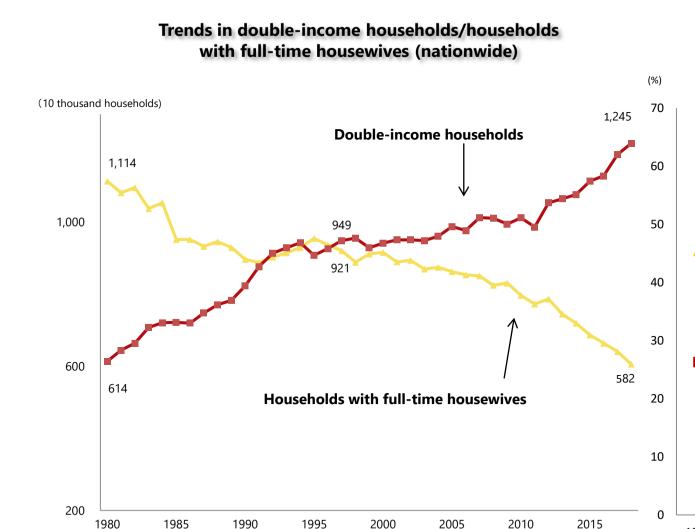


The population has been concentrating and number of households has been increasing in urban areas





Double-income households and child-rearing households are turning their eyes to urban areas, where they can reduce commuting time



Source: "White Paper on Gender Equality 2015", Cabinet Office, Government of Japan Labor force survey, the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications

Changes in attitude toward work among women (nationwide) Women should continue working even after having children Women should stop work after having children and return to work when the children have grown up 19.7 Women should work until they have children Women should work until they are married Women should not have a job 2019

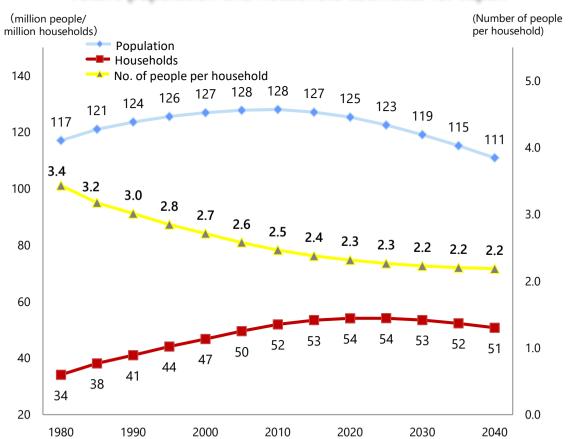
Source: "White Paper on Gender Equality 2016," Cabinet Office,

Government of Japan

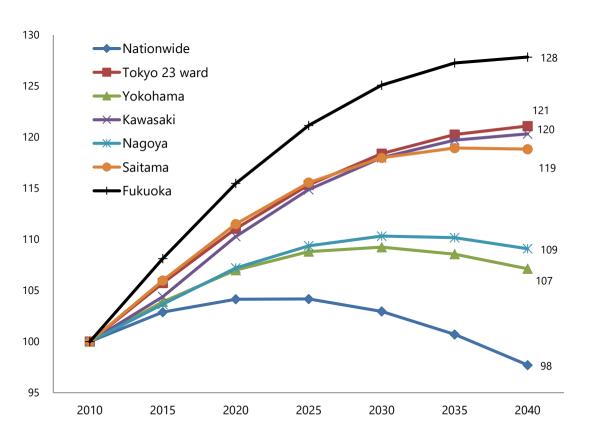


The number of households in urban areas is expected to continue increasing, despite a total population decline in Japan

Future population and household estimates for Japan



Future household estimates for urban areas (index)



Sources:

1980-2015: "2015 Population Census", Statistics Japan

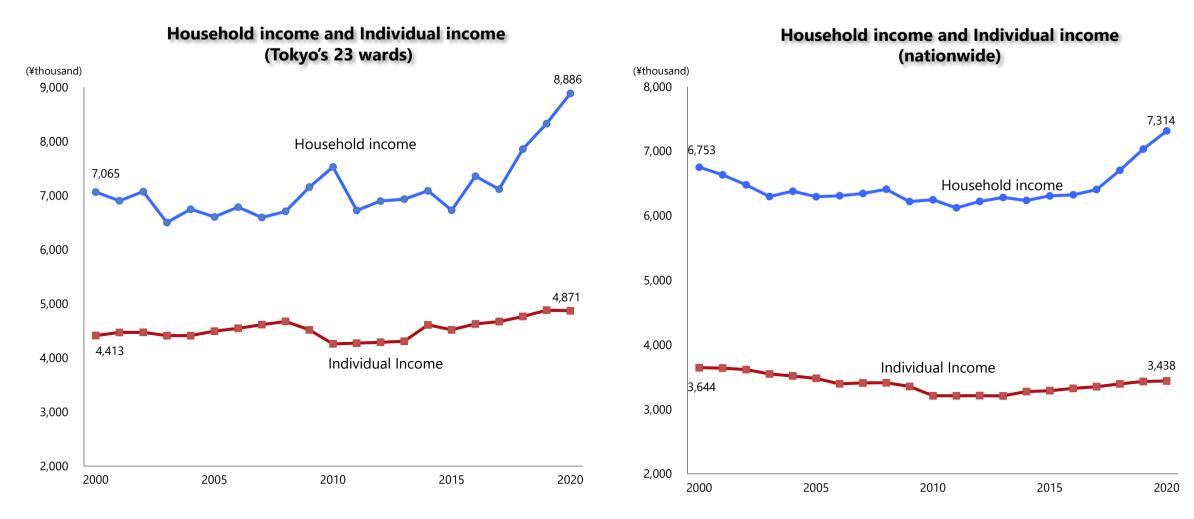
2015-2040: "Population Projection for Japan, 2018 projection ", "Household Projections for Japan, 2018 projection ", the National Institute of Population and Social Security Research

Number of people per household was calculated by dividing the total population by number of households.

Sources: Numbers of households by city were projected with reference to "Household Projection for Japan (National Projection)" and "Population Projection for Japan by Prefectures" for 2018 projection, published by the National Institute of Population and Social Security Research, and were converted to indicators with actual results of 2010 set at 100.



The pace of income recovery is faster for people in urban areas, showing promise for growth in spending power

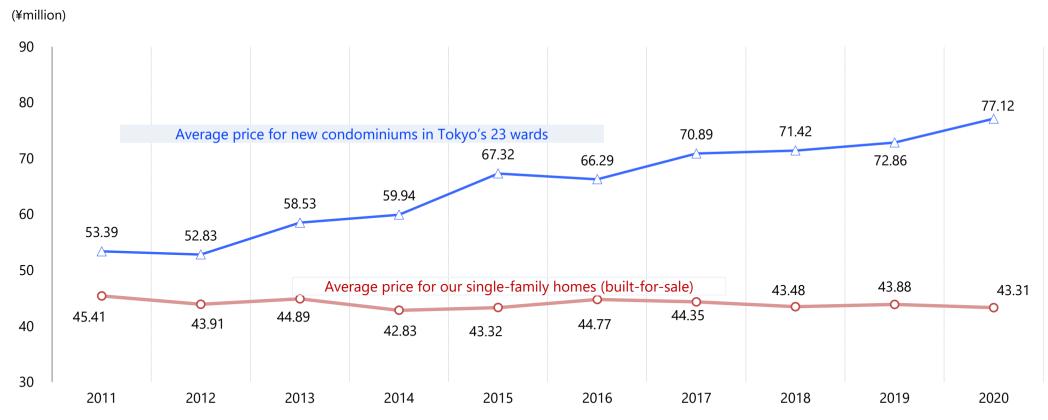


Source: Annualized based on the actual monthly income of households (working families) with two-or-more person household, obtained from the report "Family Income and Expenditure Survey," the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications
Calculated by diving taxable income by the number of taxpayers, based on data obtained from the report "Survey of Taxation of Municipal Inhabitant Taxes, etc." by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications



Single-family homes are attracting attention for their stable prices in contrast to condominiums, whose prices have increased

Changes in the average price for new condominiums in Tokyo's 23 wards and average price for our single-family homes (built-for-sale)



Source: MLIT, "Monthly marketing report of lands"

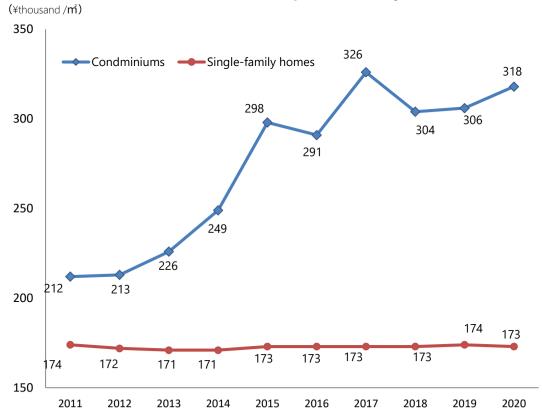
Fiscal years: Condominium prices are on a calendar-year basis. Prices for our homes are for the period October – September .

Condominium prices for 2020 are for the January – March period. Prices of our homes for 2020 are for the October 2019- March 2020 period.



Price gaps between condominiums and single-family homes have occurred due to the difference between construction costs and land cost

Construction costs per m² (in Tokyo)

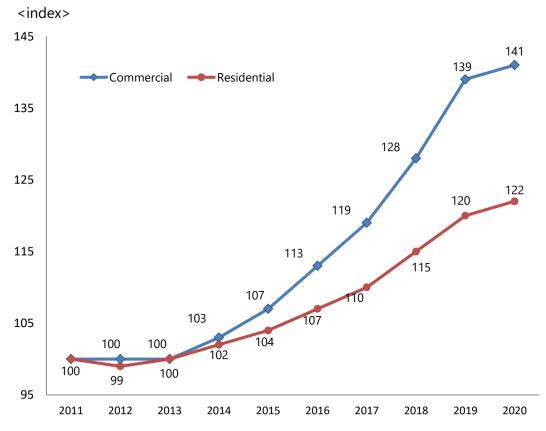


Source: MLIT "Housing Starts"

The average construction cost per m was calculated by dividing the estimated construction cost by the total floor area.

Data for ready built wooden single-family homes were used for single-family homes and data for RC and SRC apartment buildings were used for condominiums.

Land price by use (in Tokyo's 23 wards)



Source: MILT "Prefectural Land Price"

The standard land price as of July 1 each year is determined by prefectural governors. The land price index of each year was calculated by using the rate of change from the land price by use in 2011, which was indexed to 100.



Options available for consumers are decreasing due to the increase in condominium prices and decrease in number of new condominiums supplied

Number and average price of new condominiums supplied in Tokyo's 23 wards

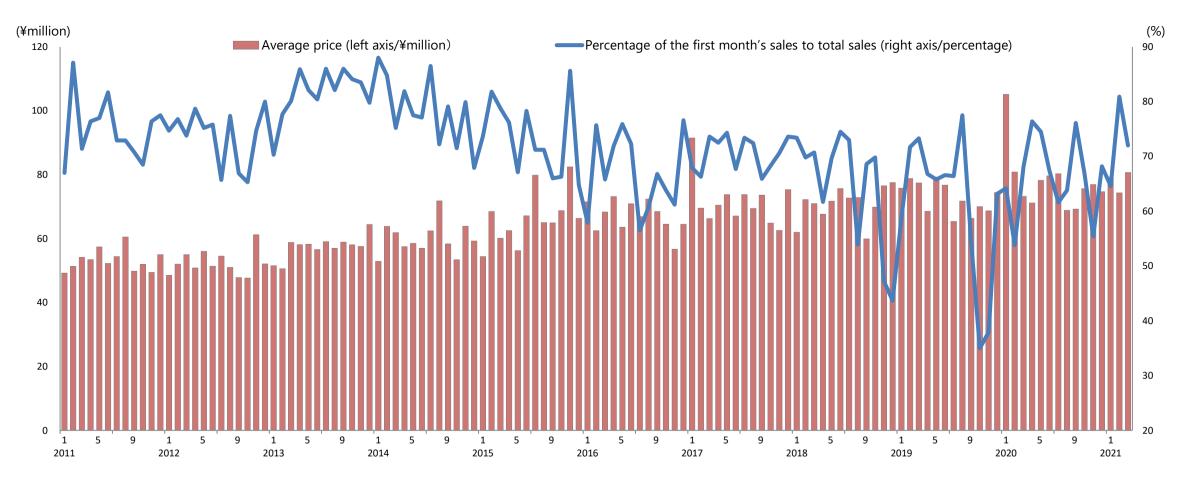


Source: MILT, "Monthly Report of Real Estate Market Trend"



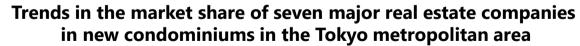
Contract ratios have been declining with the increase in prices of new condominiums

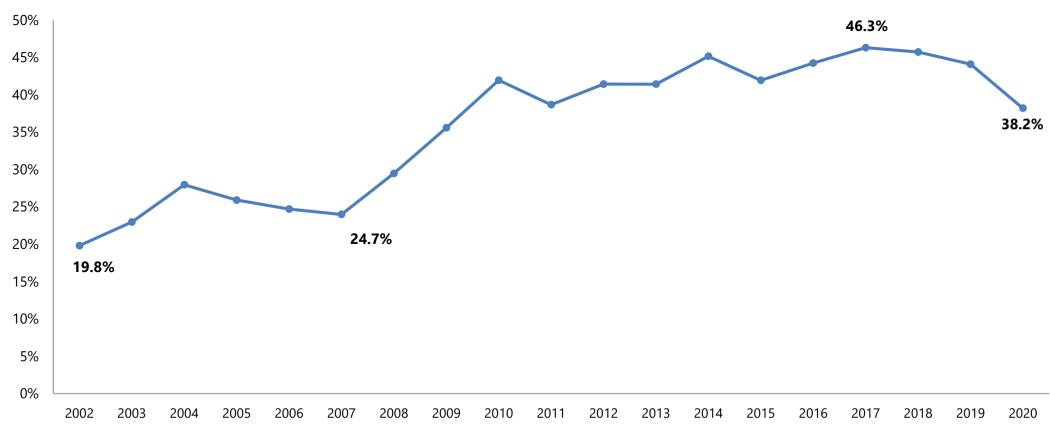
Trends of average prices of new condominiums and ratios of the first month's sales to total sales in Tokyo's 23 wards





Prices of condominiums are less likely to fall sharply as the market is oligopolistic and dominated by major real estate companies





Source: The share of new condominium sales in the Tokyo Metropolitan area in "Condominium Market Trends" by Real Estate Economic Institute Co., Ltd.

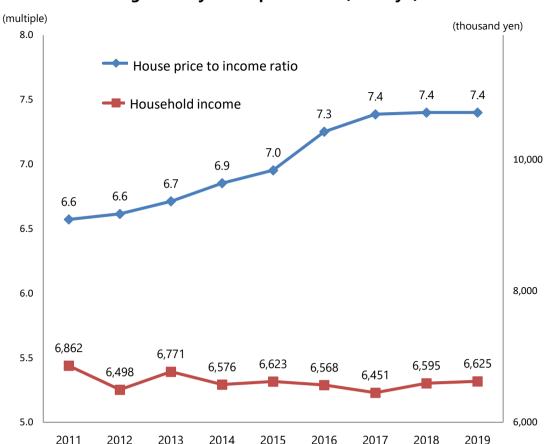
^{*} Seven major real estate companies:

Sumitomo Realty & Development, Daikyo, Tokyu Land, Tokyo Tatemono, Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Mitsui Fudosan, Mitsubishi Estate

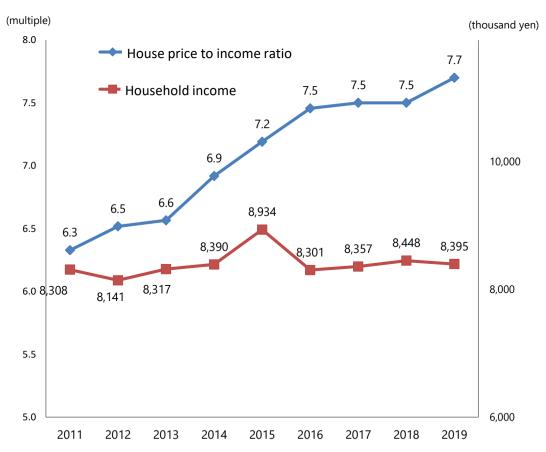


The house price to income ratio has increased, with a significant difference between annual income of single-family home purchasers and condominium purchasers

House price to income ratio and household income of single-family home purchasers (in Tokyo)



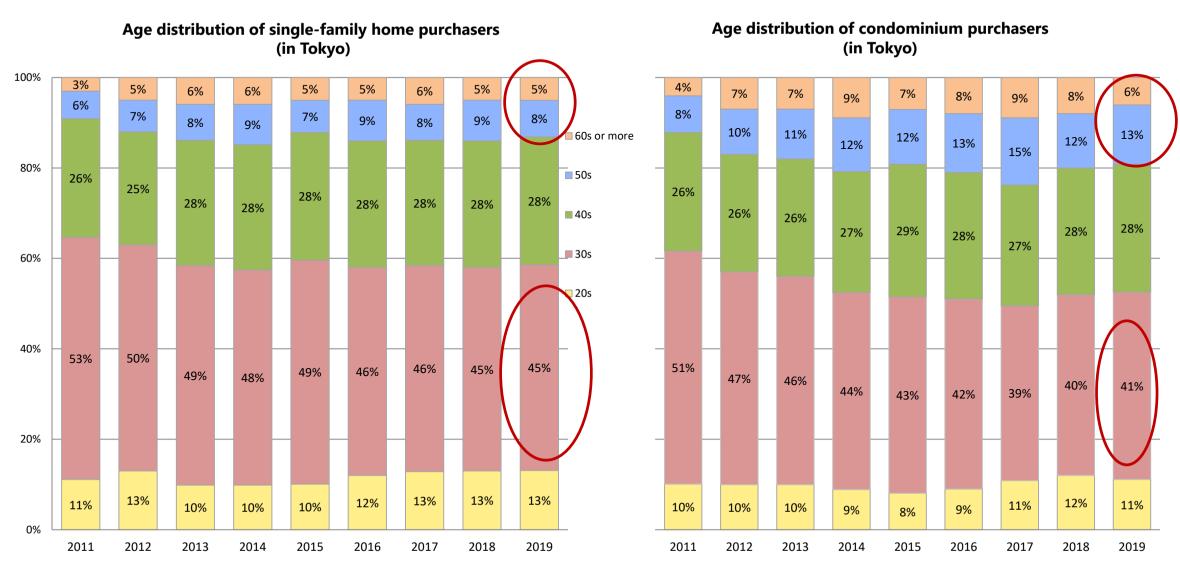
House price to income ratio and household income of condominium purchasers (in Tokyo)



Source: "Customer Survey on Flat 35 Users" by Japan Housing Finance Agency
Compiled using data of housing loans approved from April through March of the following year
Single-family homes: New home purchase funds (detached house, etc.); Condominiums: New condominium purchase funds (apartment buildings)
Household income is the total of income of home loan applicants and income of his or her spouse or other person(s) living in the same household
Home price to income ratio is calculated based on the total necessary funds including funds on hand.



Among the people who purchased condominiums, the percentage of people in their 50s has been on the rise and that of people in their 30s has been on the decline



Source: Japan Housing Finance Agency

Compiled using data of housing loans approved from April through March of the following year.

Single-family homes: New home purchase funds (detached house, etc.); condominiums: new condominium purchase funds (apartment buildings)



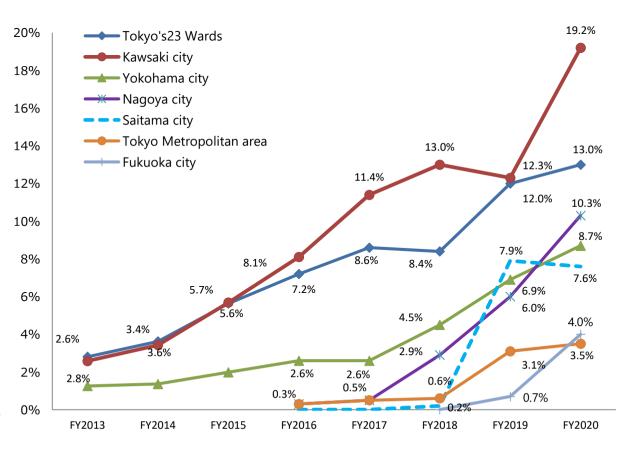
Open House has been steadily acquiring shares in the single-family homes market in urban areas by adopting a dominant strategy

New single-family housing starts in our service areas

Tokyo's23 Wards (thousand unites) Kawsaki citv Yokohama city → ★ – Nagova city Saitama city Tokyo Metropolitan area 23.2 Fukuoka city 19.7 20 18.7 18.8 18.6 18.1 18.0 17.6 17.5 16.2 15.1 15.2 14.8 14.2 15 16.1 13.0 12.1 11.8 11.3 11.3 10.7 10.4 10.2 10 7.6 7.3 7.2 7.2 6.5 6.2 5,9, 4.4 5 3.8 3.4 3.6 3.5 3.5 3.4 3.2 3.0 3.0 2.9 2.9 2.8 0 2013 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2014 2015

Sources: "Construction Statistics", "Housing Starts", the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.

New single-family housing starts in our service areas



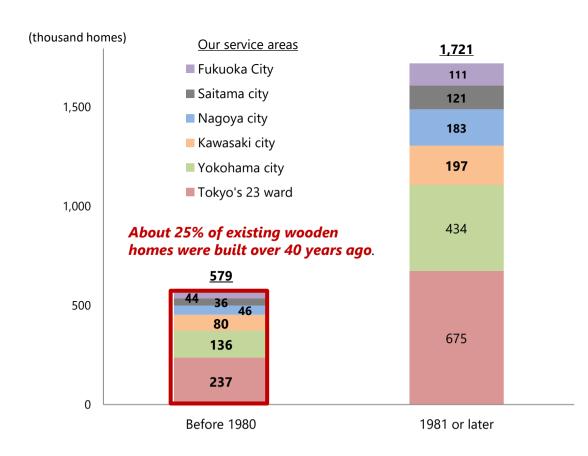
Calculated by dividing number of properties delivered in each period of the Group by the number of construction starts by area in each year.

B to C: Calculated market share for properties that Open House Development provides to individual customers B to B: Except homes construction contracts to corporations of Open House Architect



Housing stock that can be used as land for development is available in large volumes

Building stock of wooden single-family homes by construction period



Sources:

Housing situation in Japan

■ The average age of homes rebuilt in Japan is

37.0 years. *1

■ The average site area per single-family home lot in Tokyo's 23 wards in 1988 was

40.3 *tsubo* (1,431.6 sq. ft). *2

The average site area of single-family homes developed by Open House is

17-18 *tsubo* (600-640 sq. ft),

enabling it to build two homes per single-family home lot.

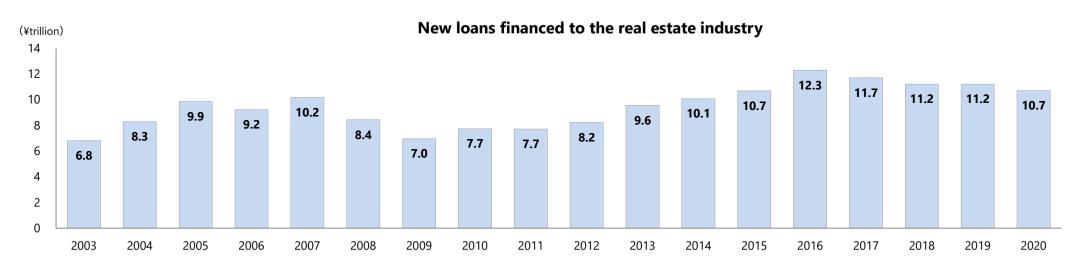
Sources:

- *1 "Customer Survey Report on the Purchase of Detached Houses in the Fiscal Year 2015" by Japan Federation of Housing Organizations
- *2 "Housing and Land Survey in 1988" by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications

[&]quot;Housing and Land Survey in 2013" by the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications



Outstanding loans have been increasing although new loans financed to the real estate industry have declined slightly

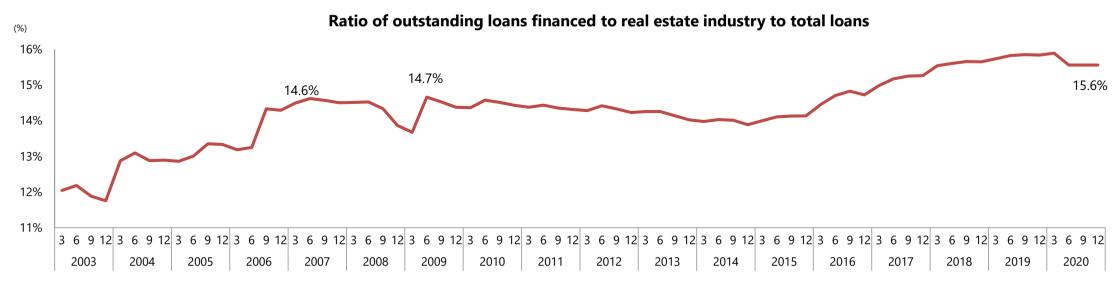




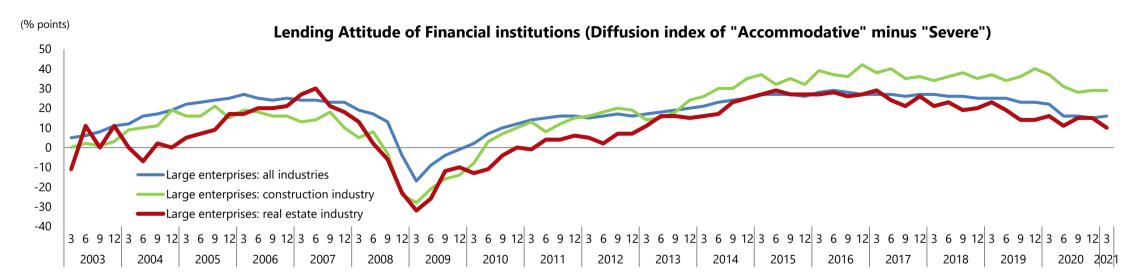
Source: "Loans by borrower" published by the Bank of Japan



The ratio of outstanding loans financed to the real estate industry to total loans has increased

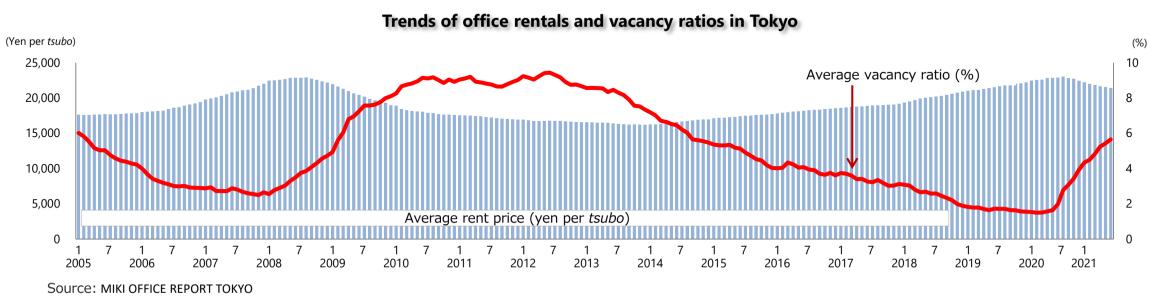


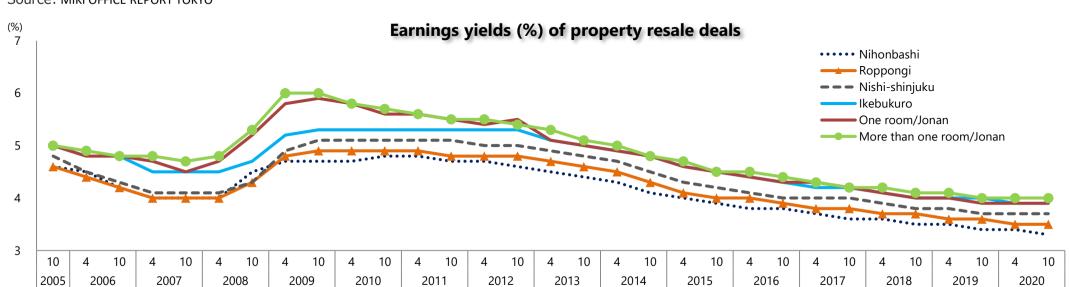
Source: "Loans by borrower" published by the Bank of Japan





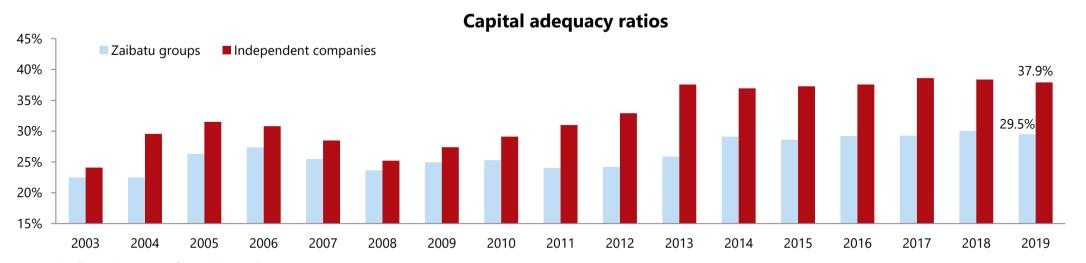
Demand for property resale transactions is strong as shown by an increase in rent price and a decline in returns from property resale transactions



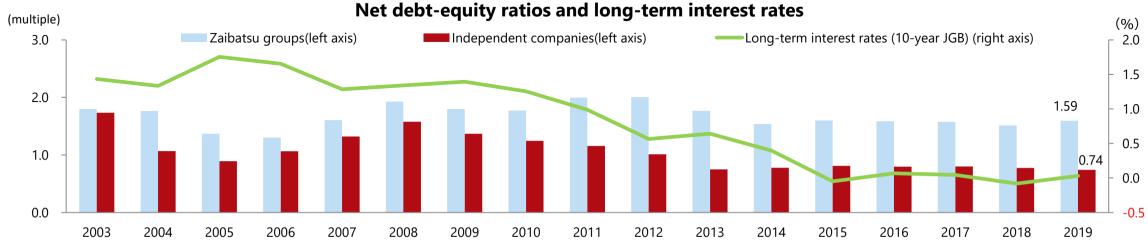




Independent companies have been maintaining stronger financial health than zaibatsu groups



Note: "Zaibatsu" means a financial conglomerate



Companies surveyed: Seven real estate companies of zaibatsu groups, and 25 independent companies which are listed on the real estate industry of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and hold total assets of ¥ 100 billion or above

Long-term interest rates: Actuals as of March 31 of every year, Net debt-equity ratio: (Borrowing+ Corporate bonds- Cash/deposits) / Net assets Source: Weighted average numbers calculated based on the actual figures reported in companies' annual security reports



https://openhouse-group.co.jp/ir/en/

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